



**PDE and Boundary-Value Problems (Winter Term 2014/2015)**  
**Assignment H2 - Homework**

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**Problem 2.1 (Formulation of IBVP - 4x2=8 Points)**

- Suppose a laterally insulated metal rod of length  $L = 1$  has an initial temperature of  $\sin(3\pi x)$  and has its left and right ends fixed at temperatures zero and  $10^\circ C$ . What would be the IBVP that describes this problem?
- Suppose a metal rod laterally insulated has an initial temperature of  $20^\circ C$  but immediately thereafter has one end fixed at  $50^\circ C$ . The rest of the rod is immersed in a liquid solution of temperature  $30^\circ C$ . What would be the IBVP that describes this problem?

**Problem 2.2 (Derivation of the diffusion equation - 6 Points)**

Suppose  $u(x, t)$  measures the concentration of a substance in a moving stream (moving with velocity  $\nu$ ). Suppose the concentration  $u(x, t)$  changes both by diffusion and convection; derive the equation

$$u_t = \alpha^2 u_{xx} - \nu u_x$$

from the fact that at any instant time, the total mass of the material is not created or destroyed in the region  $[x, x + \Delta x]$ .

*HINT:* Write the conservation equation

Change of mass inside  $[x, x + \delta x] =$  Change due to *diffusion* across the boundaries  
+ Change due to the material being *carried* across the boundaries.

**Problem 2.3 (Solving IBVP - 4x3=12 Points)**

a) What is the solution to the IBVP

$$\text{PDE: } u_t = u_{xx}, \quad 0 < x < 1, \quad 0 < t < \infty$$

$$\text{BCs: } \begin{cases} u(0, t) = 0 \\ u(1, t) = 0 \end{cases}, \quad 0 < t < \infty$$

$$\text{IC: } u(x, 0) = 1, \quad 0 \leq x \leq 1$$

(Note that this problem is physically impossible, since we are pulling the temperature from 1 to 0 instantaneously. In most problems, if the BCs are zero, then the initial temperature  $\phi(x)$  should also be zero at  $x = 0$  and  $x = 1$ ).

b) What is the solution to problem a) if the IC is changed to

$$u(x, 0) = \sin(2\pi x) + \frac{1}{3} \sin(4\pi x) + \frac{1}{5} \sin(6\pi x)?$$

c) What is the solution to problem a) if the IC is changed to

$$u(x, 0) = x - x^2?$$

**Deadline for submission:** Monday, November 17, 12:10 pm