UNIVERSITÄT DES SAARLANDES FACHRICHTUNG 6.1 – MATHEMATIK

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Exercises for the lecture topology Winter term 2017/18

Sheet 11

Deadline: Wednesday, 17/1/2018, just before the lecture

Exercise 47

(2+2=4 points)

(In locally compact Hausdorff spaces, finite open covers of compact subsets still admit a continuous partition of unity)

Let X be a locally compact Hausdorff space and let $K \subset U_1 \cup \ldots \cup U_n$ be an open cover of a compact subset $K \subset X$. Show that the following assertions hold:

- (a) There are open sets $V_1, \ldots, V_n \subset X$ such that $K \subset V_1 \cup \ldots \cup V_n$, $\overline{V_i} \subset U_i$ and $\overline{V_i}$ is compact for all $1 \leq i \leq n$.
- (b) There are continuous functions $f_1, \ldots, f_n : X \to [0, 1]$ with compact supports such that $\operatorname{supp}(f_i) \subset U_i \ (i = 1, \ldots, n) \text{ and } \sum_{i=1}^n f_i(x) = 1 \text{ holds for all } x \in K.$ (*Hint: A continuous function* $\Theta : X \to [0, 1]$ with $\Theta|_K = 1$ and $\operatorname{supp}(\Theta) \subseteq V_1 \cup \ldots \cup V_n$ where $V_1, \ldots, V_n \subseteq X$ are sets as in a) could be useful.)

A second-countable topological Hausdorff space is called topological m-manifold if every point $x \in X$ has a neighbourhood which is homeomorphic to an open subset of the Euclidean space $(\mathbb{R}^m, \tau_{\|\cdot\|})$.

Exercise 48

(4 points)

(Compact topological manifolds can be embedded into an Euclidean space)

Let X be a compact topological *m*-manifold. Show that there is a natural number N and a topological embedding (= homeomorphism onto its image) $f: X \to \mathbb{R}^N$.

(Hint: Choose an open cover $(U_i)_{i=1}^n$ of X such that there are homeomorphisms $g_i : U_i \to V_i \subset \mathbb{R}^m$ and use a continuous partition of unity with respect to $(U_i)_{i=1}^n$ to construct a function $f : X \to \mathbb{R}^{n+nm}$ which is injective and continuous.)

(please turn the page)

A topological Hausdorff space X is called completely regular if for every closed set $F \subset X$ and every $x \in X \setminus F$, there is a continuous function $f: X \to [0, 1]$ such that f(x) = 0 and $f|_F \equiv 1$ hold.

Exercise 49

(1+1+2=4 points)

(Characterisation of completely regular spaces)

Let X be a topological Hausdorff space. Show that:

- (a) X completely regular \Rightarrow X regular.
- (b) If X is completely regular, so is every subspace $Y \subset X$ (equipped with the relative topology).
- (c) X is completely regular if and only if X is homeomorphic to a subspace of a compact Hausdorff space.

(Hint: Consider the set

 $\mathcal{C} = \{f : X \to [0,1]; f \text{ continuous}\}$

and the function $j: X \to \prod_{\mathcal{C}} [0, 1], \ x \mapsto (f(x))_{f \in \mathcal{C}}$.)

Exercise 50

(4 points)

(When is a compact Hausdorff space metrizable?)

Show that a compact Hausdorff space X is metrizable if and only if it is second-countable.