

Exercises for the lecture topology

Winter term 2019/2020

Sheet 1

Remark: Please deliver your solution of the exercise sheet on Tuesday just before the lecture.

Exercise 1

(1+2+2=5 Points)

(2+1+1+2=6 Points)

Deadline: 10.22.2019

Let (X, d) be a metric space and let $p \in X$ be an element. For $x, y \in X$ we define

$$\tilde{d}(x,y) = \begin{cases} d(x,p) + d(p,y), & x \neq y \\ 0, & x = y \end{cases}$$

- (a) Show that \tilde{d} defines an additional metric on X.
- (b) Calculate for $x \in X$ and $\varepsilon > 0$ the (open) ε -ball around x corresponding to \tilde{d} . Hereby distinguish the cases $\varepsilon \leq d(x, p)$ and $\varepsilon > d(x, p)$.
- (c) Characterize the open sets corresponding to d.

For a metric space (X, d) and a nonempty subset $A \subset X$ we denote by

$$d(x, A) = \inf\{d(x, y); y \in A\}$$

the **distance** between the element $x \in X$ and the set A.

Exercise 2

Let (X, d) be a be a metric space and $\emptyset \neq A \subset X$.

(a) Show that the equation

$$|d(x,A) - d(y,A)| \le d(x,y)$$

holds for all $x, y \in X$.

(b) Show that the function

$$d_A: X \to \mathbb{R}, \quad x \mapsto d(x, A)$$

is continuous.

- (c) Show that we have d(x, A) = 0 if and only if x is an element of \overline{A} .
- (d) Let $A_1, A_2 \subset X$ be closed and disjoint sets. Show that there exists a continuous function $f: X \to [0,1]$ with $f|_{A_1} \equiv 0$ and $f|_{A_2} \equiv 1$. (*Hint*: Use (b) and (c).)

A metric space (X, d) is called **complete**, if every Cauchy sequence in X converges.

Exercise 3

(1+2+2=5 Points)

Consider the following metric on the real line $\mathbb{R}:$

$$d(x,y) = |x - y|$$
 und $d(x,y) = |\arctan(x) - \arctan(y)|$

- (a) Prove that \tilde{d} defines a metric on \mathbb{R} .
- (b) Show that (\mathbb{R}, d) and (\mathbb{R}, \tilde{d}) have the same open sets.
- (c) Show that (\mathbb{R}, \tilde{d}) is not complete.

Exercise 4

$(2+2^*=4 \text{ Points})$

Let $((X_n, d_n))_{n \in \mathbb{N}}$ be a sequence of metric spaces and let $X = \prod_{n=0}^{\infty} X_n$ be the Cartesian product of the sets X_n .

(a) Prove that

$$d: X \times X \to [0, \infty), \quad ((x_n)_n, (y_n)_n) \mapsto \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} 2^{-n} \frac{d_n(x_n, y_n)}{1 + d_n(x_n, y_n)}$$

defines a metric on X.

(b*) Show that the metric space (X, d) is complete if and only if all (X_n, d_n) are complete.

You can also find the exercise sheets on our homepage:

https://www.math.uni-sb.de/ag/eschmeier/lehre/WS1920/top/index.html