

Exercises for the Lecture Differential Geometry Summer Term 2020

Sheet 9

Submission: /

Resources: Up to Lesson 15; Up to p. 65 in [Fuc08]; Sections 2-1 - 2-5 and Section 3-1 - p. 147 in [Car16]

Exercise 1.

Consider the parametrization

 $X \colon (-\pi, \pi) \times \mathbb{R}, \ (u, v) \mapsto (\cos(u), \sin(u), v),$

i.e. X is a parametrization of the cylinder

$$Z = \{ (x, y, z) \in \mathbb{R}^3 ; x^2 + y^2 = 1 \}.$$

Determine all normal sections as well as the minimal and the maximal normal curvature of X in p = X(0,0) = (1,0,0).

Exercise 2.

(See Exercise 18 in Section 3-2 in [Car16])

Show: If a regular curve C is the intersection of two surfaces $X_1 X_2$, then the curvature $\kappa_C(p)$ of C in $p \in C$ is given by

$$\kappa_C(p)^2 \sin(\theta)^2 = \kappa_{n_1}^2 + \kappa_{n_2}^2 - 2\kappa_{n_1}\kappa_{n_2}\cos(\theta),$$

where κ_{n_1} and κ_{n_2} are the normal curvatures at p along the tangent on C of X_1 resp. X_2 and θ is the angle between the normal vectors N_1 and N_2 of X_1 resp. X_2 at p.

(Hint: Consider the triangle spanned by $\kappa_{n_1}N_2$ and $\kappa_{n_2}N_1$.)

Exercise 3.

Let a and r be positive real numbers with r < a and define the torus

 $X: (0, 2\pi) \times (-\pi, \pi) \to \mathbb{R}^3, \ (u, v) \mapsto ((a + r\cos(u))\cos(v), (a + r\cos(u))\sin(v), r\sin(u)).$

- (i) Calculate the first and second fundamental form of X.
- (ii) Determine a formula for the area of X.
- (iii) Sketch the normal sections of X through the point (a, 0, r).

Exercise 4.

Let I be an open interval, $\alpha: I \to \mathbb{R}^3$ be a regular curve and let $w: I \to \mathbb{R}^3 \setminus \{0\}$ be smooth. The mapping

$$X: I \times \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}^3, \ (u, v) \mapsto \alpha(u) + vw(u)$$

is called a *ruled surface* if X is regular. The curve α is called *directrix* and the straight lines $\mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}^3$, $v \mapsto \alpha(u) + vw(u)$ ($u \in I$) are called *generators*.

- (i) Under which conditions is X a regular parameterized surface?
- (ii) Let $u \in I$ such that the tangent plane $T_{(u,v)}X$ of X in (u,v) exists for all $v \in \mathbb{R}$. Show that $T_{(u,v)}X = T_{(u,\tilde{v})}X$ for all $v, \tilde{v} \in \mathbb{R}$ if and only if the vectors $\alpha'(u), w'(u)$ and w(u) are linear dependent.
- (iii) Show that hyperbolic paraboloid (see Sheet 7, Exercise 1) is a ruled surface.(*Hint: Third binomial formula.*)

References

- [Car16] Manfredo P. do Carmo. Differential geometry of curves & surfaces. Revised & updated second edition. Dover Publications, Inc., Mineola, NY, 2016.
- [Fuc08] Martin Fuchs. Vorlesungsskript zur Differentialgeometrie. 2008.