

Exercise 1:

(i) We define $E^* := \coprod_{x \in X} E_x^* = \{(x, f) \mid x \in X, f \in E_x^*\}$

and $\pi^*: E^* \rightarrow X, (x, f) \mapsto x$.

Consider a (maximal) bundle atlas of the bundle $\pi: E \rightarrow X$, say $\mathcal{A} = \{(U_i, \tau_i) \mid i \in I\}$ with local trivialization $\tau_i: \pi^{-1}(U_i) \rightarrow U_i \times \mathbb{K}^n$.

By definition, $\tau_i|_{E_x}: E_x \rightarrow \{x\} \times \mathbb{K}^n = \mathbb{K}^n$ is an isomorphism for each $x \in U_i$; thus

$$(\tau_i|_{E_x})': (\mathbb{K}^n)^* \rightarrow E_x^*, g \mapsto g \circ (\tau_i|_{E_x})$$

(the dual operator) is an isomorphism as well

Fix an isomorphism $\Phi: \mathbb{K}^n \rightarrow (\mathbb{K}^n)^*$. Define

$$\tau_i^*: (\pi^*)^{-1}(U_i) \rightarrow U_i \times \mathbb{K}^n$$

fibre-wise by

$$\tau_i^*|_{E_x^*} := \left((\tau_i|_{E_x})' \circ \Phi \right)^{-1}: E_x^* \rightarrow \mathbb{K}^n = \{x\} \times \mathbb{K}^n.$$

We endow E^* with the topology defined by

$$W \subseteq E^* \text{ open} \iff \forall i \in I: \tau_i^*(U_i \cap W) \subseteq U_i \times \mathbb{K}^n \text{ open}$$

Then E^* is a vector bundle with bundle atlas 2A-2

$$A^* = \{(u_i, \tau_i^*) \mid i \in I\}.$$

(ii) The transition maps σ_{ij}^* of E^* are of the form

$$\sigma_{ij}^*(x, v) = (x, S_{ij}^*(x)v) \quad \forall (x, v) \in (U_i \cap U_j) \times \mathbb{R}^n$$

with the transition matrices

$$S_{ij}^* : U_i \cap U_j \rightarrow GL_n(\mathbb{K})$$

that are determined at any point $x \in U_i \cap U_j$ by

$$\mathcal{L}_\varepsilon(s_{ij}^*(x)) = \tau_j^*|_{E_x^*} \circ (\tau_i^*|_{E_x^*})^{-1}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \varepsilon = \{e_1, \dots, e_n\} \text{ standard basis of } \mathbb{R}^n; \\ \varepsilon^* = \{e_1^*, \dots, e_n^*\} \text{ dual basis to } \varepsilon; \text{ suppose } \Phi(e_i) = e_i^* \quad \forall i=1, \dots, n \end{aligned} = \left((\tau_j|_{E_X})' \circ \bar{\Phi} \right)^{-1} \circ \left((\tau_i|_{E_X})' \circ \bar{\Phi} \right) = \bar{\Phi}^{-1} \circ \underbrace{\left(\tau_i|_{E_X} \circ (\tau_j|_{E_X})^{-1} \right)'}_{= \mathcal{L}_{\varepsilon}^{\varepsilon}(S_{ji}(x))} \circ \bar{\Phi} \quad \parallel \quad \mathcal{L}_{\varepsilon^*}^{\varepsilon}(1_n)$$

$$\stackrel{\downarrow}{=} \Phi^{-1} \circ \angle_{\varepsilon^*}^{\varepsilon^*}(S_{ji}(x)^T) \circ \Phi = \angle_{\varepsilon}^{\varepsilon}(S_{ji}(x)^T)$$

where $S_{ij} : U_i \cap U_j \rightarrow GL_n(\mathbb{K})$ are the transition matrices for E ; hence $S_{ij}^*(x) = S_{ji}(x)^T = (S_{ij}(x)^{-1})^T$.

In particular, if E is smooth, then E^* is smooth as well.

Reminder:

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- V, W \mathbb{K} -vector spaces with bases \mathcal{V}, \mathcal{W} , say
 $\mathcal{V} = \{v_1, \dots, v_n\}$ and $\mathcal{W} = \{w_1, \dots, w_m\}$
- $A = (a_{ij})_{\substack{i=1, \dots, m \\ j=1, \dots, n}} \in \mathbb{K}^{m \times n} \rightsquigarrow \mathcal{L}_{\mathcal{W}}^{\mathcal{V}}(A): V \rightarrow W$ linear map
$$v_j \mapsto \sum_{i=1}^m a_{ij} w_i$$
- $\mathcal{V}^* = \{v_1^*, \dots, v_n^*\}$ and $\mathcal{W}^* = \{w_1^*, \dots, w_m^*\}$
- dual bases of \mathcal{V}^* and \mathcal{W}^* , then

$$\mathcal{L}_{\mathcal{W}}^{\mathcal{V}}(A)' = \mathcal{L}_{\mathcal{V}^*}^{\mathcal{W}^*}(A^T) \quad \forall A \in \mathbb{K}^{m \times n}$$