

12. EXERCISE SHEET FOR GEOMETRIC GROUP THEORY

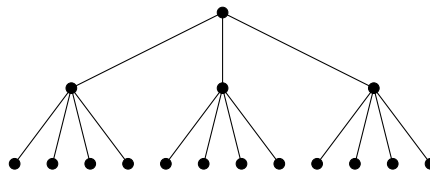
Exercise 1.

Let G, H be two groups and X be a set on which H acts. The set $G^X := \text{Abb}_0(X, G)$ of functions $f : X \rightarrow G$ with finite support is together with pointwise operation $f \star g : X \rightarrow G, x \mapsto f(x) \star g(x)$ is itself a group on which H acts on the left via

$$\phi : H \times G^X \rightarrow G^X, (h, f) \mapsto (f \circ h^{-1} : x \mapsto f(h^{-1}x)).$$

The wreath product¹ is the semidirect product $G^X \rtimes_{\phi} H$ and is written $G \wr_X H$. Typically we have $X = H$ with the usual left-multiplication.

- a) Write the automorphism group of the graph



as a wreath product of S_3 and S_4 .

- b) The *lamplighter group* is the wreath product $\mathbb{Z}/2\mathbb{Z} \wr \mathbb{Z}$ (with the usual action of \mathbb{Z} on itself). Show that the lamplighter group is finitely generated and has exponential growth rate.
Remark: The group can be illustrated as a lamplighter on a street with infinitely many lampposts. The lamplighter can now walk along the lampposts and turn them on=1 and off=0.

Exercise 2.

We consider the upper triangular group and unitriangular group

$$U := \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} \star & \star & \dots & \star \\ 0 & \star & \ddots & \vdots \\ \vdots & \ddots & \ddots & \vdots \\ 0 & \dots & 0 & \star \end{pmatrix} \right\}, \quad V := \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \star & \star & \dots & \star \\ 0 & 1 & \star & \ddots & \vdots \\ \vdots & & \ddots & \ddots & \vdots \\ \vdots & & \ddots & 1 & \star \\ 0 & \dots & 0 & & 1 \end{pmatrix} \right\} \subset \text{GL}_n(K)$$

for some field K .

¹Sometimes this is also called the restricted wreath product and if one drops the finite support it is called the unrestricted wreath product.

- a) Show that the unitriangular group V is nilpotent.
Hint: Calculate the commutator for two addition matrices.
- b) What can you say about the growth rate of the upper triangular matrices over \mathbb{Z} ?
- c) Show that the upper triangular group U over \mathbb{R} is solvable but not nilpotent.

Exercise 3.

- a) Consider the three points

$$A := \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, B := \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, C := \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ \sqrt{3} \end{pmatrix}$$

and the subgroup $G := \langle \sigma_{AB}, \sigma_{BC}, \sigma_{AC} \rangle \leq \text{Isom}(\mathbb{R}^2)$ generated by the reflections at the geodesics through them. Show that G has quadratic growth.

- b) Can you generalize a) for all triangles $\overline{ABC} \subset \mathbb{R}^2$ with angles of the form $\frac{\pi}{q}$ and $q \in \mathbb{N}$?
What happens for irrational angles?

Exercise 4.

Let G be a group and $G := G_0 \geq G_1 \geq \dots \geq G_s := \{e_G\}$ be a series of subgroups with $[G, G_i] \leq G_{i+1}$ for all $i < s$.

- a) Show that all G_i are normal subgroups of G and all G_i/G_{i+1} are abelian.
- b) Let $N \trianglelefteq G$ be a normal subgroup and G, N and G/N be finitely generated. Show that we can bound the growth rate of G by the growth rates of N and G/N as follows:

$$\gamma_G(n) \lesssim \gamma_N(n^2) \cdot \gamma_{G/N}(n).$$

- c) Let G be a finitely generated, nilpotent group. Conclude that G has polynomial growth rate.